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JAPAN.**Cholera.**

Acting Assistant Surgeon Moore at Kobe reports, October 6 and 12: The cholera epidemic in this port shows no abatement. Since September 12 there have been reported 154 cases, with 71 deaths.

At Osaka, 20 miles distant from Kobe, 144 cases of cholera, with 79 deaths, have been reported. At Kyoto, 45 miles from Kobe, 82 cases of cholera were reported October 7.

Sanitary Inspector Bowie at Nagasaki reports, October 8:

Cholera has made its appearance at Moji, 22 cases, with 9 deaths, having been reported. At Wakamatsu, a few miles distant from Moji and on the railway to Nagasaki, 2 cases are reported. In Saga-ken 2 cases, with 1 death, are reported.

Surgeon Irwin at Yokohama reports, October 10:

From September 13 to October 4 there have been reported in Japan 299 cases of cholera, occurring as follows: In Kobe 132 cases, in Osaka 130 cases, in Fukuoka 20, in Ehime 5, in Hiroshima 5, 2 cases each in Kagawa and Tokushima, and 1 case each in Nara and Okayama. Eight prefectures have been infected.

MEXICO.**Yellow Fever at Campeche.**

The following information, dated October 31, was received from the president of the superior board of health of Mexico:

During the week ended October 29 1 case of yellow fever was reported at Campeche, occurring October 25.

Measures Against the Introduction of Cholera.

Consul Canada at Veracruz reports, October 15:

The Mexican Government, by a special decree dated October 12, 1910, has declared certain foreign ports to be infected with cholera and has closed all Gulf ports except Veracruz, Tampico, and Progreso against vessels from the following-named places: Bremen, Hamburg, Marseille, Bari, Naples, Galatz, Braila, St. Petersburg, Constantinople.

At Veracruz, Tampico, and Progreso there are facilities provided for the disinfection of all articles of merchandise arriving from an infected port.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.**Status of Cholera.**

Chief Quarantine Officer Heiser reports, September 24 and 27:

In the city of Manila 6 cases of cholera, with 4 deaths, were reported during the week ended September 17, and 5 cases, with 5 deaths, during the week ended September 24.

There has been a decided decrease in the number of cholera cases in the city of Manila and the provinces. This is most encouraging in view of the fact that it is during the month of September that increases in the severity of the outbreaks are generally encountered. One new island, however, was infected, namely, Marinduque. The infection was probably carried by small native sailboats from Batangas. Practically 75 per cent of the cases now occurring are reported from the Province of Batangas. An increased force has been sent there to combat the disease.